

2nd International Conference on Advances in Peer-to-Peer Systems (AP2PS) 2010

Panel Discussion

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Does P2P matter?

- **P2P provides protocols, techniques and architectures for organising, discovering and using resources that are distributed across large scale heterogeneous systems**
- **How does computing look like nowadays?**
 - **Pervasive**
 - **Social networks**
 - **Huge number of capable mobile devices, smart phones, handhelds, etc.**
 - **Need to share information and files with friends, contacts and colleagues while mobile**
 - **Online content distribution & web services**
- **Looks like there is an excellent match of the above characteristics to the contributions of P2P**

P2P Evolution

- **P2P started as a file sharing technology**
- **Plethora of new and very different systems and architectures between 2001 to 2005**
- **Clear reduction of this activity in the past 5 years**
- **Emerging emphasis on situated P2P; use of P2P for specific applications such as VoIP, IPTV, VoD, etc.**


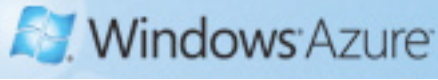

P2P Next State

- **Is P2P a set of systems or a methodology for developing systems and/or components?**
- **Do you think that P2P can be used to interconnect different systems?**
- **Can P2P protocols influence the development of next generation network routing protocols?**
- **Does P2P have a place in the mashup of emerging technologies (clouds, ad-hoc networks, social resource sharing) or**
- **Is P2P dying fast (clear decline in interest)?**

P2P & CLOUD COMPUTING WILL THERE BE A MERGE

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Introduction

- *Cloud computing* refers to a special kind of services where shared resources are provided on demand
- **Different types of services:**
 - Software as a Service (SaaS) 
 - Platform as a Service (PaaS) 
 - Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) 
 - Data as a Service (DaaS)...

Infrastructure as a Service

- Applications and data of users reside in *virtual machines* of sharing computers provided by service providers
- **Three basic cloud models**
 - Private cloud: used within an organization
 - Community cloud: across organizations
 - *Public cloud: pay-as-you-use*
 - Hybrid cloud: a mix between two different cloud models

P2P and Cloud Computing

- P2P applications
 - Often free to use
 - Limited to file sharing systems
- Cloud computing
 - Pay to use
- Could we provide a *free cloud computing service* by combining P2P and cloud computing
 - Participants contribute resources

Challenges

- **Resource discovery**
 - How to discover sharing resources
- **Resource assignment**
 - How to assign sharing resources to requests
- **Fault tolerance**
 - How to restore computing state at the failure
- **Security**
 - Protect host owners from attacks of users
 - Protect users from attacks of host owners

Passive Optical Networks: Performance Analysis and Evaluation

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Contents



E-PONs



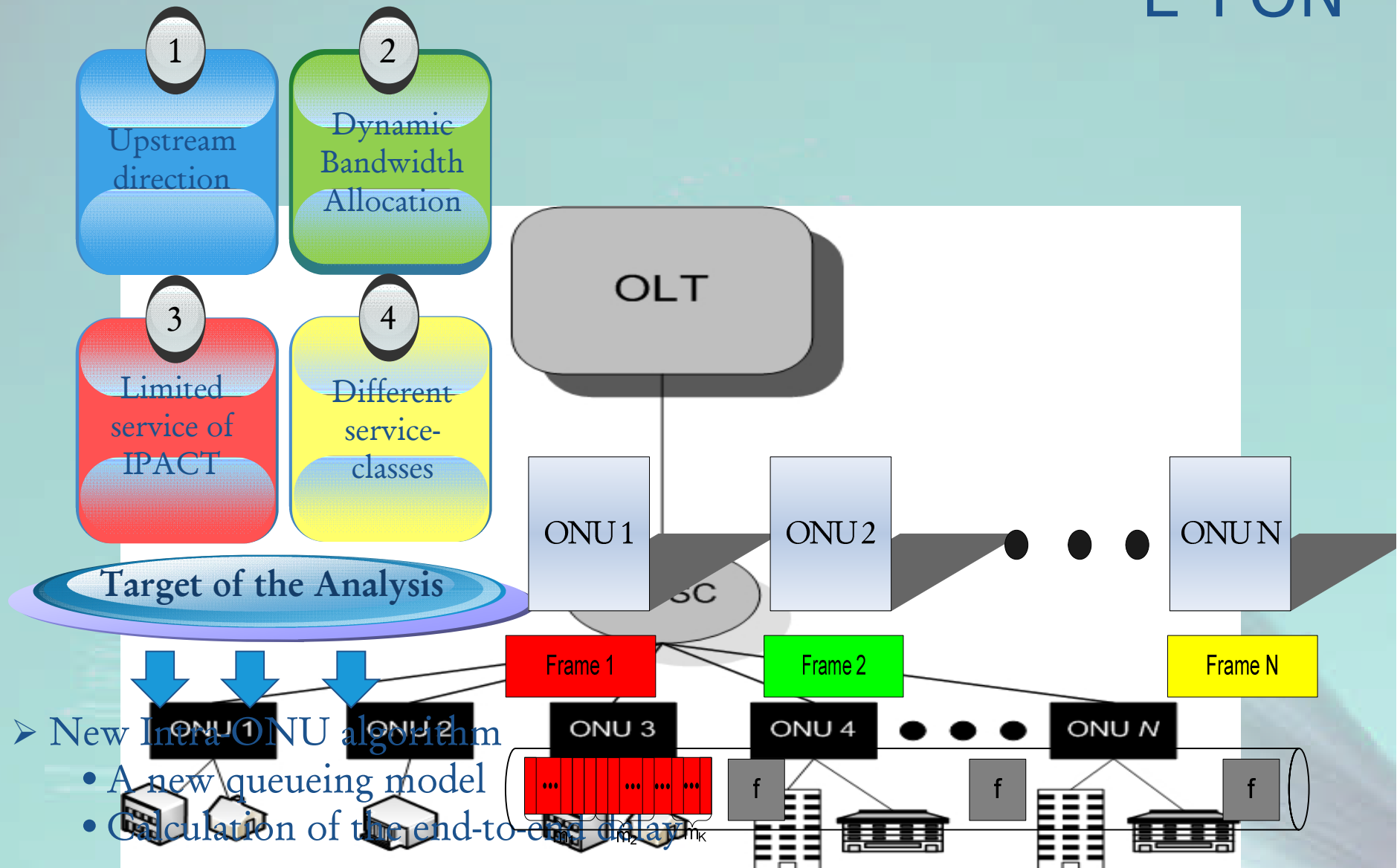
WDM-PONs



OCDMA-PONs



Integration of E-PON and WiMax



➤ New Intra-ONU algorithm

- A new queueing model
- Calculation of the end-to-end delay

WDM-PON

Call-level performance analysis of hybrid WDM-TDMA PON

Upstream
direction

Different
service
classes

ON-OFF
traffic

Dynamic
Wavelength
Allocation

Target of the Analysis

Number of ONUs
>
Number of Wavelengths

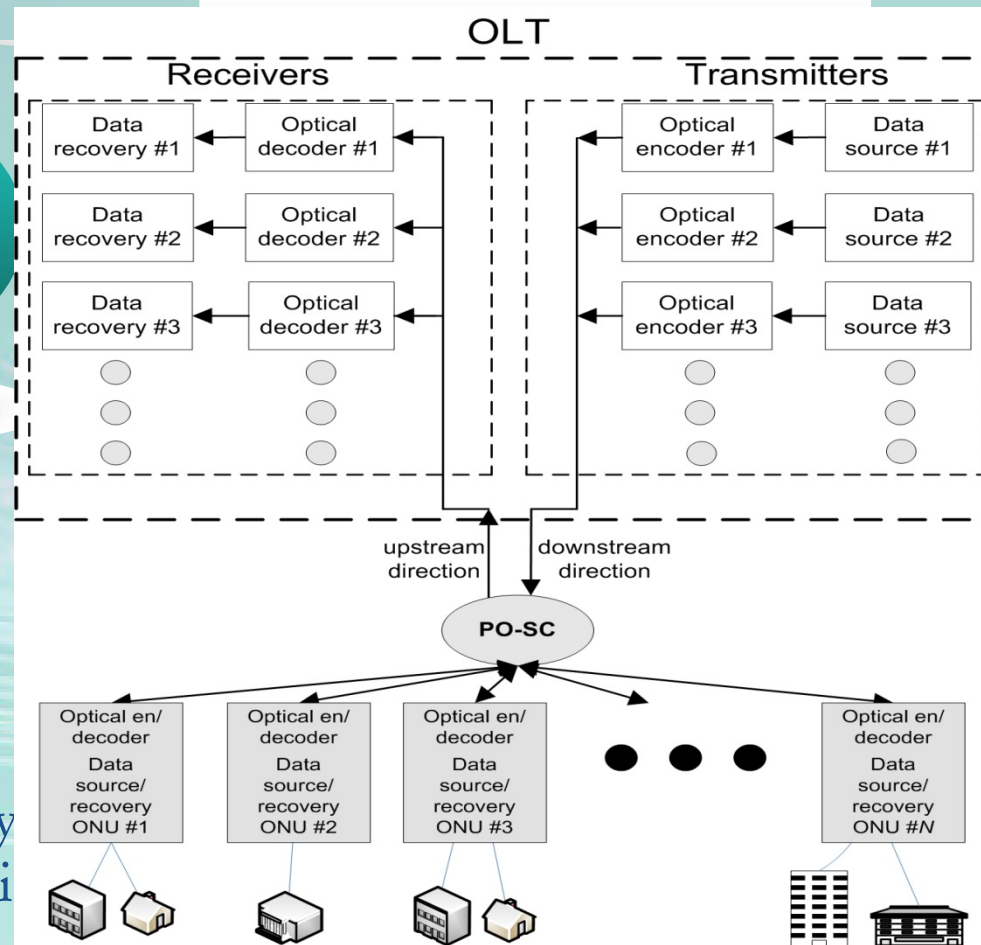
- DWA algorithms based on the bandwidth occupancy of a wavelength
- Loss Analysis: CBP and CFP
- Delay Analysis due to connection termination - reestablishment
- Other performance metrics: Mean number of calls that suffer delay

OCDMA-PON

Call-level performance analysis of OCDMA PON

Different service classes

Noise Sources



➤ Loss Analy

- Occup
- CBP

□ Study of different encoding schemes, based on the interference

Integration of E-PON and WiMax

